

# Statement on principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors

LGT Capital Partners (FL) Ltd

For period: 1 Jan-31 Dec 2024

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# Summary

LGT Capital Partners (FL) Ltd (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) ("**LGT CP FL**") considers principal adverse impacts of its investment decisions on sustainability factors as part of its investment due diligence process and procedures on an opt-in basis. For sustainable investments this means ensuring that the investments do no significant harm to any environmental or social objective.

This is the consolidated statement on principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors of LGT CP FL. The publication of this statement on principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors coincides with the third reference period of 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024. Reporting over that reference period on the indicators for adverse impacts of Table 1, and any relevant indicators of Table 2 and 3 of Annex I of the SFDR Delegated Act will take place in 2025, following the measurement of the third reference period (Q1 – Q4 2024).

Investors should note the availability of data on some indicators is limited due to a lack of reporting of metrics by companies, issuers, or investee entities, which may greatly vary by asset class. This is particularly pronounced in private markets, meaning the reported results stem to a greater extent from fund holdings in the public and listed domain. The Asset Manager and LGT CP FL assess principle adverse impacts on a best-efforts basis, utilizing a broad set of data sources aiming to provide investors with a comprehensive overview.

Summary of the principal adverse impacts considered by LGT CP FL and its Asset Manager, LGT Capital Partners Ltd (the "**Asset Manager**"):

Table A: Summary of principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies
<b>Climate and other environment-related indicators</b>
<b>Mandatory indicators</b>
1. GHG <sup>1</sup> emissions
2. Carbon footprint
3. GHG intensity of investee companies
4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector
5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector
7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity sensitive areas
8. Emissions to water
9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio
<b>Additional indicators</b>
4. Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives
<b>Indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters</b>
<b>Mandatory indicators</b>
10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises
12. Unadjusted gender pay gap
13. Board gender diversity
14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)
<b>Additional indicators</b>
9. Lack of a human rights policy
<b>Indicators applicable to investments in sovereigns and supranationals</b>
<b>Climate and other environment-related indicators</b>
15. GHG intensity
16. Investee countries subject to social violations
<b>Indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters</b>
22. Non-cooperative tax jurisdictions
24. Average rule of law score

<sup>1</sup> Greenhouse gas emissions ("GHG")

# Description of the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

Table B: Description of the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies						
Climate and other environment-related indicators						
Adverse Sustainability Indicator		Metric	Impact (year n)	Impact (year n-1)	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
Green-house gas emissions	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	424'462	393'281	Coverage: from 47% to 44% Eligible: from 52% to 52%	The Asset Manager joined the Net Zero Asset Managers initiative (NZAMI) in 2021 and committed to reach net zero emissions by 2050 or sooner across all assets under management.
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	158'507	167'046	Coverage: from 47% to 44%	The Asset Manager aims to reduce its financed emissions by 50% until 2030, relative to a 2020 baseline. <sup>2</sup>
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	4'891'956	3'502'570	Eligible: from 52% to 52% Coverage: from 47% to 44%	The AUM in scope will gradually increase to reach 100% of AUM.
		Total GHG emissions	5'474'925	4'062'896	Eligible: from 52% to 52% Coverage: from 47% to 44%	Companies' greenhouse gas emissions and related measures are part of the Asset Manager's proprietary environmental, social and governance (ESG) scoring.
					The overall financed emissions increased which is mainly coming from an increase in Scope 3 emissions. To ensure consistency, our scope 3 emissions are only estimated and the estimation models improved last year. The coverage slightly decreased for all emission scopes which is due to a shift in the invested value from funds with higher coverage to funds with lower coverage.	Additionally, we exclude companies that are involved in the thermal coal production in all directly managed strategies and limit investments into utilities based on their carbon intensity.
	2. Carbon footprint	Carbon footprint	157.1	126.4	Coverage: from 47% to 44%	<b>Engagement/Voting</b> "Climate action" is a thematic engagement priority for the Asset Manager over a 5-year period (2020-2025). One of the three key pillars is "Net-zero by 2050 or sooner". Targeted engagement action include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ambition to be net zero aligned to support the goal of limiting global warming to 1.5° Celsius</li><li>• Science based targets for the short-, medium- and long-term</li><li>• Credible transition plans e.g., improved energy efficiency, increased share of renewable energy, value-</li></ul>

2 The 50% reduction initially refers to 22% of sustainable or ESG-linked AUM.

					chain decarbonization and more sector-specific actions such as low-emission technologies and zero-emission vehicles
3. GHG intensity of investee companies	GHG intensity of investee companies	330.2	327.2	Eligible: from 52% to 52% The carbon footprint increased which is mainly coming from an increase in scope 3 emissions.  Coverage: from 47% to 44%	• Transparency on reporting across the value chain, including on progress
4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Share of investments in companies active in the fossil fuel sector	3.0%	3.1%	Eligible: from 52% to 52% The GHG intensity slightly increased.  Coverage: from 46% to 44%	With the following objectives for investee companies: • Reduce GHG emissions in an accountable, trackable, and transparent manner to achieve net zero by 2050 or sooner
5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy production of investee companies from non-renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as percentage	28%	27%	Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector slightly decreased.  Coverage: from 40% to 43%	Progress during the year include continued engagement for two industrial companies as part of the Net Zero Engagement Initiative (NZEI) that was launched in March 2023 by the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC) to support investors in aligning their portfolios with climate goals. Already in 2022, the Asset Manager joined an engagement group as a contributing investor, focusing on a US truck manufacturer as part of the Climate Action 100+ collaborative engagement initiative.
6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	Energy consumption in GWh per million EUR of revenue of investee companies, per high impact climate sector	0.33	0.28	Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The share of non-renewable energy consumption and production minimally increased which is mainly due to an improved coverage.  Coverage: from 24% to 23%	The Asset Manager uses voting rights to support strategic measures to accelerate or adapt to a low carbon business model. Hence, the Asset Manager in general vote in line with what the Asset Manager considers will help ensure stronger alignment between the company's net zero trajectory and its policies, reporting, actions, and risk management and oversight. This could relate to supporting voting items on e.g., disclosure of encompassing climate-related metrics, targets, and climate lobbying activities. In addition, inability to adequately address climate action could result in voting against board member(s) most accountable/responsible for climate risk oversight.
Biodiversity	7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity sensitive areas	Share of investments in investee companies with sites/operations located in or near to biodiversity-	3.9%	0.0%  Coverage: from 45.3% to 44%	Companies operating in industries that have a material impact on biodiversity are assessed on their activities to



<p>sensitive areas where activities of those investee companies negatively affect those areas</p>	<p>Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The activities negatively affecting biodiversity sensitive areas increased due to data improvements. In the same period, the coverage decreased slightly.</p>	<p>reduce impact on biodiversity. The assessment is included in the proprietary ESG rating tool.</p> <p>Companies involved in significant controversies on biodiversity topics may be excluded from the investment universe, where such exclusion is outlined in the investment policy of a specific product.</p> <p><b>Engagement/Voting</b></p> <p>Biodiversity is closely linked to the Asset Manager's thematic engagement priority of "Climate action". One of the three key pillars is "Responsible value chain". Targeted engagement action include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identification, monitoring, and disclosure of nature-related risks such as deforestation and water pollution</li> <li>• Policies and targets to protect and restore biodiversity and ecosystems, especially in high-risk areas e.g., eco-sensitive zones and water-stressed areas</li> <li>• Anchored in high-quality data and transparent reporting that spans the entire value chain; including suppliers, distributors and end-consumers</li> </ul> <p>With the following objectives for investee companies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safe and responsible use of natural resources</li> <li>• Protect the environment and improve human health and well-being across the value chain</li> </ul> <p>So far there have been very few resolutions related to biodiversity and there is little guidance around it. However, given the increased focus on the topic the Asset Manager expects this to change going forward. In general, the Asset Manager supports social and environmental proposals that seek to promote good corporate citizenship while enhancing long-term shareholder and stakeholder value.</p> <p>The Asset Manager joined the collaborative initiative Nature Action 100 in 2023 as engager for three companies.</p>
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Water	8. Emissions to water	Tons of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	8.0	9.5	Coverage: from 4.7% to 4.2% Eligible: from 51.4% to 52%  The emissions to water decreased while also coverage decreased slightly. This PAI has a very low coverage and hence the yearly change is highly dependent on the change in coverage.	For relevant industries, companies' water footprint, toxic emissions and related policies are part of the Asset Manager's proprietary ESG scoring.  Companies involved in significant controversies on water topics, like pollution or excessive water withdrawal may be excluded from the investment universe, where such exclusion is outlined in the investment policy of a specific product.
					<b>Engagement/Voting</b> Water is closely linked to the Asset Manager's thematic engagement priority of "Climate action". One of the three key pillars is "Responsible value chain". Targeted engagement action include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Identification, monitoring and disclosure of nature-related risks such as water pollution</li><li>• Policies and targets to protect and restore water quality, especially in high-risk areas e.g., water-stressed areas</li><li>• Anchored in high-quality data and transparent reporting that spans the entire value chain; including suppliers, distributors and end-consumer</li></ul> With the following objectives for investee companies: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Reduce water consumption and prevent water pollution - in an accountable, trackable, and transparent manner</li><li>• Safe and responsible use of natural resources</li><li>• Protect the environment and improve human health and well-being across the value chain</li></ul> The Asset Manager uses its voting rights in order to support efforts to improve water efficiency, recyclability and prevent water pollution. Hence, the Asset Manager in general votes in line with what it considers will help strengthen water-related policies, reporting, actions and risk management and oversight – with emphasis on a location specific approach considering the urgency of water stressed areas. This could relate to supporting	

						voting items on e.g., disclosure of water usage metrics, reduction targets, risks (impact and dependencies), and water stress management.
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	0.16	9.8	Coverage: from 17.7% to 25.0% Eligible: from 51.4% to 52%  The hazardous waste ratio decreased while the coverage significantly increased . The coverage increased due to the inclusion of estimated data.	<p>For relevant industries, companies' waste footprint, toxic emissions and related policies are part of the Asset Manager's proprietary ESG rating tool.</p> <p>Companies involved in significant controversies on waste topics may be excluded from the investment universe, where such exclusion is outlined in the investment policy of a specific product.</p> <p><b>Engagement/Voting</b></p> <p>Waste is closely linked to the Asset Manager's thematic engagement priority of "Climate action". One of the three key pillars is "Transition to a circular economy". Targeted engagement action include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Promote re-usable/recyclable/ compostable materials to limit waste</li> <li>• Increase recycled content share while reducing virgin material consumption</li> <li>• Limit upstream introduction of hazardous substances and account for the complex balancing across the lifecycle in a circular model</li> <li>• Efficient use of material with less spill across the value chain</li> </ul> <p>With the following objectives for investee companies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduce waste, especially hazardous waste, in an accountable, trackable, and transparent manner</li> <li>• Protect the environment and improve human health and well-being across the value chain</li> </ul> <p>There are overall very few resolutions for holdings related to waste and little guidance on the topic. However, where possible the Asset Manager in general supports social and environmental proposals that seek to promote good corporate citizenship while enhancing long-term shareholder and stakeholder value.</p>

Indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters

Adverse Sustainability Indicator	Metric	Impact (year n)	Impact (year n-1)	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
Social and employee matters	10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies that have been involved in violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	1.7%	0.99%  Coverage: from 47.6% to 46.1% Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The share of investments in companies that have been involved in violations of UN Global Compact principles or OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises marginally increased. Starting from a very low value, yearly improvements are highly difficult to achieve.	The Asset Manager acts in accordance with the UN Global Compact principles and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and is guided by these international standards to assess the behavior of companies.  The compliance with the principles of the UN Global Compact is assessed using the Asset Manager's proprietary controversy screening and scoring. Companies with significant controversies related to the principles may be excluded from the investment universe, where such exclusion is outlined in the investment policy of a specific product.  <b>Engagement/Voting</b> The Asset Manager systematically monitors companies held in LGT CP FL's portfolios and recommendation lists based on their ESG score and negative news flow. Any negative developments will, in a timely manner, result in reactive engagement on the specific issue with the company. Supposed breaches of international norms, especially the UNGC principles, will be prioritized as reactive engagement cases for deeper analysis as the Asset Manager considers human rights violations a material sustainability risk. In the engagement dialogue companies' views on the related negative events, measures taken to improve companies' practices and follow up actions to remedy the situation will be covered. If an engagement exercise proves unsuccessful, escalation strategies available include reducing or divestment of holdings in the investee company's securities, voting against the board of directors and consideration of a collaborative engagement.  Regarding proactive dialogues, "Responsible value chain" is a key pillar for targeted engagement action, in which integration of the social context, e.g., the due

				diligence and monitoring of human rights and labor conditions, is vital.
				The Asset Manager uses its voting rights in order to support strategic measures to advance human rights in line with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and mitigate or actively reduce risks related to human rights and avoid negative impacts. Hence, the Asset Manager in general votes in line with what it considers will strengthen human rights-related policies, reporting, actions and risk management and oversight. This could relate to supporting voting items on e.g., disclosure of human rights due diligence processes, human rights impact assessments and independent third-party audits. In addition, inability to adequately address human rights norms could result in voting against board member(s) most accountable/responsible for human rights.
11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Share of investments in investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance /complaints handling mechanisms to address violations of the UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	0.8%	11%	<p>Coverage: from 47.6% to 46.1%  Eligible: from 51.4% to 52%  The share of investments in companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or OECD guidelines for multinational enterprises has significantly decreased. This is due to improved data quality. .</p> <p><b>Engagement/Voting</b>  The Asset Manager systematically monitors companies held in LGT CP FL's portfolios and recommendation lists based on their ESG score and negative news flow. Any negative developments will, in a timely manner, result</p>

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in reactive engagement on the specific issue with the company. Supposed breaches of international norms, especially the UNGC principles, will be prioritized as reactive engagement cases for deeper analysis as the Asset Manager considers human rights violations a material sustainability risk. In the engagement dialogue companies' views on the related negative events, measures taken to improve companies' practices and follow up actions to remedy the situation will be covered. If an engagement exercise proves unsuccessful, escalation strategies available include reducing or divestment of holdings in the investee company's securities, voting against the board of directors and consideration of a collaborative engagement.

Regarding proactive dialogues, "Responsible value chain" is a key pillar for targeted engagement action, in which integration of the social context, e.g., the due diligence and monitoring of human rights and labor conditions, is vital.

The Asset Manager uses its voting rights in order to support strategic measures to advance human rights in line with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and mitigate or actively reduce risks related to human rights and avoid negative impacts. Hence, the Asset Manager in general votes in line with what it considers will strengthen human rights-related policies, reporting, actions and risk management and oversight. This could relate to supporting voting items on e.g., disclosure of human rights due diligence processes, human rights impact assessments and independent third-party audits. In addition, inability to adequately address human rights norms could result in voting against board member(s) most accountable/responsible for human rights.

In 2023, the Asset Manager became signatories of the PRI Advance initiative, focusing on human rights and social issues.

12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	Average unadjusted gender pay gap of investee companies	5.0%	1.8%	Coverage: from 14.2% to 35%	The unadjusted gender pay gap of companies is part of the Asset Manager's proprietary ESG rating tool.
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13. Board gender diversity	Average ratio of female to male board members in investee companies, expressed as a percentage of all board members	15.4%	15.5%	Coverage: from 45.8% to 44.6% Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The board gender diversity remained around the same.	<p>Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The average unadjusted gender pay gap has increased. The coverage of this PAI increased strongly due to the inclusion of estimated data.</p> <p><b>Engagement/Voting</b> Supporting improvements within diversity, equity &amp; inclusion (DEI) is a firm-wide prioritized area, hence is also deeply embedded in engagement efforts with investee companies. Targeted engagement actions include the disclosure of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Diversity-related metrics such as gender pay gap and incidents related to harassment and discrimination</li> <li>• Policies and targets to improve diversity, especially within executive management and at the board level</li> <li>• Training, development and other initiatives to attract and retain diverse talent and people from underrepresented backgrounds</li> <li>• Whistleblowing system and protection against retaliation</li> </ul> <p>With the following objectives for investee companies:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Support DEI</li> <li>• Improve human health and well-being across the value chain</li> </ul> <p>The Asset Manager uses its voting rights to support strategic measures to achieve diverse organizations that can attract and retain higher quality talent. Hence, the Asset Manager in general votes in line with what it considers will help strengthen DEI-related policies, reporting, actions and risk management and oversight. This could relate to supporting voting items on e.g., disclosure of compensation disparities, prevention of discrimination and harassment and improved gender and minority board representation.</p> <p>Board gender diversity is part of the Asset Manager's proprietary ESG rating tool.</p> <p><b>Engagement/Voting</b> Supporting improvements within diversity, equity &amp; inclusion (DEI) is a firm-wide prioritized area, hence is also deeply embedded in engagement efforts with</p>

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investee companies. Targeted engagement actions include the disclosure of:

- Diversity-related metrics such as gender pay gap and incidents related to harassment and discrimination
- Policies and targets to improve diversity, especially within executive management and at the board level
- Training, development and other initiatives to attract and retain diverse talent and people from underrepresented backgrounds
- Whistleblowing system and protection against retaliation

With the following objectives for investee companies:

- Support DEI
- Improve human health and well-being across the value chain

The Asset Manager uses its voting rights to support strategic measures to achieve diverse organizations that can attract and retain higher quality talent. Hence, the Asset Manager in general votes in line with what it considers will help strengthen DEI-related policies, reporting, actions and risk management and oversight. This could relate to supporting voting items on e.g., disclosure of compensation disparities, prevention of discrimination and harassment and improved gender and minority board representation.

Regarding the latter, the Asset Manager in general votes AGAINST (or WITHHOLD/ABSTAIN depending on the market) the chair of the nomination committee, or other directors on a case-by-case basis, if there is lack of diversity on the board. For most markets the Asset Manager votes in, it strives for the board to be compromised of at least 40 percent underrepresented gender identities.<sup>3</sup> If a company demonstrate credible progress on board diversity, we might consider to still support

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<sup>3</sup> Note that the threshold taken into account for “lack of diversity on the board” differs between regions. Please refer to the SRI Proxy Voting Guidelines for details.

					the re-election of the chair of the nomination committee.
14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Share of investments in investee companies involved in the manufacture or selling of controversial weapons	0.0%	0.0%	Coverage: from 49.8% to 49.1% Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The exposure to controversial weapons stayed at 0%.	<p>The Asset Manager excludes companies that are involved in the production of anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical, biological weapons, white phosphorus, depleted uranium weapons and nuclear weapons, based on the following treaties or legal bans on controversial weapons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The Ottawa Treaty (1997) which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production, and transfer of anti-personnel mines.</li> <li>2. The Convention on Cluster Munitions (2008) which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production, and transfer of cluster munitions.</li> <li>3. The Chemical Weapons Convention (1997) which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production, and transfer of chemical weapons.</li> <li>4. Biological Weapons Convention (1972) which prohibits the use, stockpiling, production, and transfer of biological weapons.</li> <li>5. The Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (1968) which limits the spread of nuclear weapons to the group of so-called Nuclear Weapons States (USA, Russia, UK, France and China).</li> </ul>

Indicators applicable to investments in sovereigns and supranationals						
Adverse Sustainability Indicator		Metric	Impact (year n)	Impact (year n-1)	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
Environmental	15. GHG intensity	GHG intensity of investee countries	55.3	64.9	Coverage: from 12% to 12.5% Eligible: from 16% to 17.6% The GHG intensity of investee countries decreased even though the coverage increased slightly.	The Asset Manager measures the GHG intensity of countries.  The Asset Manager has developed a tool to monitor countries current and forward-looking CO2 intensities. However, those numbers are not yet included in the overall company-level net zero framework due to early-stage methodology on how to assess the Paris alignment of sovereigns.  In addition, environmental indicators such as emissions, green energy production, natural resources depletion and deforestation are also considered as part of the ESG Country Rating.
Social	16. Investee countries subject to social violations	Number of investee countries subject to social violations (absolute number and relative number divided by all investee countries), as referred to in international treaties and conventions, United Nations principles and, where applicable, national law	0.2% (8)	0.2% (8)	Coverage: from 12% to 12.5% Eligible: from 16% to 17.6% The investee countries subject to social violation in terms of relative number and absolute number remained unchanged	The Asset Manager monitors this indicator using the list of EU sanctioned countries.  If a country is subject to international comprehensive sanctions, it is excluded from the investable universe.  In addition, various other social indicators are included in the ESG country rating for example such as education, health, standards of living, civil liberties, and gender equality.
Indicators applicable to investments in real estate assets						
Adverse Sustainability Indicator		Metric	Impact (year n)	Impact (year n-1)	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period
Fossil fuels	17. Exposure to fossil fuels through real estate assets	Share of investments in real estate assets involved in the extraction, storage, transport or manufacture of fossil fuels	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Energy efficiency	18. Exposure to energy-inefficient real estate assets	Share of investments in energy inefficient real estate assets	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Other indicators for principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors</b>						
Climate and other environment-related indicators						
Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies						
Adverse Sustainability Indicator	Metric	Impact (year n)	Impact (year n-1)	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period	
Emissions	4. Investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives	Share of investments in investee companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives aimed at aligning with the Paris Agreement	18.5%	13.9%	Coverage: from 36.2% to 38.4% Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The share of investments in companies without carbon emission reduction initiatives has increased which is due to an increased coverage.	Please see indicator 1. GHG emissions
Indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters						
Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies						
Adverse Sustainability Indicator	Metric	Impact (year n)	Impact (year n-1)	Explanation	Actions taken, and actions planned and targets set for the next reference period	
Human rights	9. Lack of a human rights policy	Share of investments in entities without a human rights policy	3.2%	3.2%	Coverage: from 37.3% to 36% Eligible: from 51.4% to 52% The share of investments in entities without a human rights policy remained unchanged. The coverage slightly decreased.	The Asset Manager expects from its investee companies respect internationally recognized human rights according to the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights.  The compliance with human rights is assessed using the proprietary controversy screening and scoring. Companies with significant controversies related to the principles may be excluded from the investment universe, where such exclusion is outlined in the investment policy of a specific product.
<b>Engagement/Voting</b>						
The Asset Manager systematically monitors companies held in LGT CP FL's portfolios and recommendation lists based on their ESG score and negative news flow. Any						

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negative developments will, in a timely manner, result in reactive engagement on the specific issue with the company. Supposed breaches of international norms, especially the UNGC principles, will be prioritized as reactive engagement cases for deeper analysis as the Asset Manager considers human rights violations a material sustainability risk. In the engagement dialogue companies' views on the related negative events, measures taken to improve companies' practices and follow up actions to remedy the situation will be covered. If an engagement exercise proves unsuccessful, escalation strategies available include reducing or divestment of holdings in the investee company's securities, voting against the board of directors and consideration of a collaborative engagement.

Regarding proactive dialogues, "Responsible value chain" is a key pillar for our targeted engagement action, in which integration of the social context, e.g., the due diligence and monitoring of human rights and labor conditions, is vital.

The Asset Manager uses its voting rights in order to support strategic measures to advance human rights in line with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and mitigate or actively reduce risks related to human rights and avoid negative impacts. Hence, the Asset Manager in general votes in line with what it considers will strengthen human rights-related policies, reporting, actions and risk management and oversight. This could relate to supporting voting items on e.g., disclosure of human rights due diligence processes, human rights impact assessments and independent third-party audits. In addition, inability to adequately address human rights norms could result in voting against board member(s) most accountable/responsible for human rights.

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In 2023, the Asset Manager became signatories of the PRI Advance initiative, focusing on human rights and social issues.

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Indicators applicable to investments in sovereigns and supranationals						
Governance	22. Non-cooperative tax jurisdictions	Investments in jurisdictions on the EU list of non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes	0.1%	0.1%	Coverage: from 14.5% to 12.6% Eligible: from 16% to 17.6% The investments in non-cooperative tax jurisdictions stayed on the same low level with coverage decreasing slightly.	The Asset Manager monitors the EU list of non-cooperative jurisdictions for tax purposes. The annual data is updated into the proprietary ESG rating tool.
	24. Average rule of law score	Measure of the level of corruption, lack of fundamental rights, and the deficiencies in civil and criminal justice using a quantitative indicator explained in the explanation column	0.10	0.13	Coverage: from 14.5% to 12.6% Eligible: from 16% to 17.6% The average rule of law score decreased. The eligibility increased while the coverage decreased slightly.	The Asset Manager monitors the average Rule of law score for the invested countries.  In addition, the indicator is part of the governance component of the ESG Country Rating. The governance component includes indicators such as institutional strength, corruption, democracy, and political stability.

# Description of policies to identify and prioritize principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors

Principal adverse impacts (“PAI”) on sustainability factors are those impacts of our investment decisions that result in material negative impacts on environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption, and anti-bribery matters.

LGT CP FL and its Asset Manager considers principal adverse impacts of its investment decisions on sustainability factors as part of its investment due diligence process and procedures on an opt-in basis. The availability of data on some indicators is limited due to a lack of reporting of metrics by companies, issuers, or investee entities, which may greatly vary by asset class. This is particularly pronounced in private markets, meaning the reported results stem to a greater extent from fund holdings in the public and listed domain. The measurement of PAI is conducted on a best-efforts basis and while there may be a margin of error linked to the quality of data, such margin is subject to individual data received from third-party data providers, which ultimately relies on the data reported by individual companies or issuers. All further product-level specifications are provided in the associated pre-contractual documentation.

PAIs are prioritized by virtue of specific investment policies of a given fund. Such prioritization may include PAI-related ESG issues which may directly impact on the inclusion of investments in a given fund.

Certain firm-wide exclusions are applied irrespective of instruments traded or whether a product applies ESG-related investment policies:

- Controversial weapons policy: LGT CP FL excludes companies that are involved in the production of anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical, biological weapons, white phosphorus, depleted uranium weapons and nuclear weapons.
- Thermal coal policy: LGT CP FL excludes thermal coal mining companies and utilities that generate more than 5% of their revenues from thermal coal plants in all directly managed strategies.

In addition, products may exclude companies that breach the UN Guiding Principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and companies generating significant amount of revenue from other business activities deemed to be controversial (e.g. armaments, tobacco, pornography, nuclear power production).

For sustainable investments, the Asset Manager’s proprietary SDG framework identifies and incorporates PAIs. Additionally, PAIs are captured under the “do not significant harm” principle for sustainable investments.

When investing in sovereign bonds, the Asset Manager considers environmental objectives, such as CO2 intensity as well as social objectives, such as corruption levels or public spending for education.

Where strategies have a dedicated ESG or impact remit, additional criteria and exclusions apply which are specified in pre-contractual documentation for each respective product. Such portfolios are systematically monitored based on their respective ESG criteria and ongoing news flow to factor in any changes to LGT CP FL’s or the Asset Manager’s assessment, as applicable. One example is a controversy alert or sudden drop in the ESG assessment, which allows the identification of any negative developments in a timely manner.

For products in the public or listed domain, this would result in engagement, voting against a company through proxy voting or ultimately divestment. A product might also be invested in companies that do not perform well on certain ESG aspects but are on track to implement changes to improve on these areas. Companies are typically engaged to gain a better understanding of processes implemented and the current state regarding these topics.

For our investment activities with third-party managers, monitoring of ESG risks is conducted as part of the overall monitoring process. Regular monitoring calls are conducted with fund managers in order to discuss a range of topics related to such investment activities, which includes ESG risks. The aim is to ensure the fund managers’ continued adherence to their own or external ESG guidelines and continued improvement of practice. Issues addressed during monitoring are logged into an ESG assessment template. Particularly in private markets, the Asset Manager also monitors individual portfolio companies for ESG controversies by leveraging a solution that tracks in real time more than 100,000 independent information sources in 23 languages. This enables engagement with fund managers on ESG on a well-informed basis, as well as offer advice on further ESG integration.

For products in the public or listed domain, the Asset Manager engages with companies as part of its investment due diligence and to clarify or express concerns over potential environmental, social or governance issues at company or at industry level. The Asset Manager aims to achieve a constructive dialogue between investors and investee companies to discuss companies’:

- Views on specific ESG-related negative events, measures taken to improve companies’ practices, follow up actions to remedy the situation;
- Management of ESG risks and business opportunities associated with sustainability challenges;
- Enhanced disclosure of ESG-related information, data, and practices. The Asset Manager specifically encourages companies to disclose more relevant information and environmental-related metrics by adapting to internationally well-respected reporting standards such as the Global Reporting Initiative (“GRI”) or the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosure (“TCFD”).

A more complete description of these activities can be found in our SRD II Shareholder Engagement Policy, which can be found here: [www.lgtcp.com/en/regulatory-information](http://www.lgtcp.com/en/regulatory-information) and in product-level pre-contractual documentation, as applicable.

We adhere to business conduct rules and international standards including the Principles for Responsible Investment (“PRI”), the United Nations Global Compact (“UNGC”), United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights (“UDHR”), and the OECD Principles of Corporate Governance.

#### Governance

The board and governing bodies of the Asset Manager and LGT CP FL are responsible for defining the required ESG or sustainability standards and monitoring their implementation. The board is being informed on an annual basis by the executive committee (the “EC”) on a broad range of ESG topics, spanning product implementation, evolving integration practices and regulatory developments.

The EC is responsible for the implementation of the prescribed standards defined by the board and the monitoring of legal and regulatory requirements and compliance with these policies. The EC and a board member of LGT CP FL are informed on a regular basis by the ESG Committee (the “ESGC”) on ESG and climate related aspects.

The ESGC is responsible for the execution of the EC’s decisions and the coordination of the implementation as well as the development of policies and procedures across investment management, reporting, risk management and client services. This includes the approach to Principal Adverse Impact (PAI).

The ESGC meets monthly and reports regularly to the EC. The Asset Manager has established dedicated Sub-Committees to the ESGC in order focus on specific areas such as private markets, liquid markets, diversity, equity & inclusion (DEI), climate action and ESG regulation.

#### Data sources

The Asset Manager sources data on PAIs from third-party providers includes MSCI, Refinitiv, Upright Project, Sustainalytics and RepRisk. For any given indicator, multiple data sources may be used. For each indicator, third-party providers are selected based on a data quality assessment.

The Asset Manager applies various measures to control the data quality, all data sources are assessed on an ongoing basis for data quality, coverage and other attributes. Despite all the checks, the data quality and availability of the data relating to the PAIs remain limited and can constrain our ability to undertake quantitative analysis of the PAIs. This issue can be particularly pronounced for private companies, smaller companies or companies in emerging markets. The Asset Manager continuously strives to improve the data coverage. The data coverage is slightly improved with the use of industry proxies to a limited extend for the total GHG emissions, carbon footprint and GHG intensity PAIs. Additionally, industry proxies are partially used for the calculation of both the hazardous waste ratio and unadjusted gender pay gap.



# Engagement policies

Pursuing engagements and active ownership are a vital part of the Asset Manager's investment approach, representing one of four pillars to integrate ESG considerations into the investment process. It is our responsibility as sustainable investors to use our position to try to influence the behaviors of companies to act in the most favorable way for society, investors, and other relevant stakeholders.

Engaging in dialogue with companies on ESG matters has been part of our investment process since 2009. To enable us to better consolidate and track engagement activities the Asset Manager integrated a proprietary engagement tool into our ESG rating system in 2020. As tools and processes have evolved, the Asset Manager continues to enhance how engagement is conducted and monitors engagement. Our engagement efforts today have an outcome-orientated focus which is measurable and traceable.

Certain principal adverse impact (PAI) indicators are considered as part of the Asset Manager's approach to active ownership. Such indicators include greenhouse gas emissions, biodiversity, water, waste, and social and employee matters. Investors may refer to Table B for more details on principal adverse impact (PAI) indicators considered in our approach.

## **Our approach to active ownership for sustainable strategies and private equity**

Engagement work spans various types of activities, including:

- Direct dialogue with companies on topics relating to several PAI indicators;
- Proactive engagement to drive positive change and measurable outcomes;
- Research related engagement;
- Investor collaborations;
- Reactive engagement i.e., systematic monitoring of news flow on investee companies;
- Proxy voting in equity investments;
- Dialogue with Private Equity managers on ESG topics;
- Dialogue with equity sponsors and/or investee companies and annual ESG campaign feedback to portfolio in debt investments; and
- Promoting green and social financing in fixed income investments.

## **Direct dialogue with companies: proactive and research related engagement**

As part of the initial and ongoing ESG assessment, sector specialists cultivate an ongoing dialogue with companies within LGT Capital Partners' sustainable universe. This dialogue allows us to discuss the firms' current ESG efforts and to seek to drive positive change in areas with scope for improvement. We may at times be invested in companies that do not perform well in certain ESG aspects but are on track to implement changes in order to improve. In these cases, engagement is key to gain a better understanding of the processes implemented and to identify measurable progress. Research-related engagement gives companies the opportunity to provide further clarification and insight into their ESG practices and ambitions. The increased understanding and knowledge of the ESG practices of companies or issuers allow us to identify areas for improvement and to carry out objective-oriented engagements with companies to improve or scale up their efforts on ESG aspects.

## **Investor collaborations**

The Asset Manager works together with other investors in cases where engagement objectives are aligned and believes there is a higher probability of achieving a result through a collective effort. This can include ad-hoc collective action on specific topics as well as longer-term investor collaborations.

## **Reactive engagement through systematic monitoring**

The Asset Manager systematically monitors companies held in LGT CP FL's portfolios and recommendation lists based on their ESG score and negative news flow. Data provided by RepRisk allows us to identify any negative developments in a timely manner. This enables us to focus on these specific, relevant issues for reactive engagement. In reactive engagements, the Asset Manager request clarification of the controversy that was flagged and, if the alleged issue is confirmed to exist, seek to understand how the company will address that issue, put measures in place and take action to avoid the risk of the issue reoccurring.



### **Exercising voting rights**

The Asset Manager closely follows the Socially Responsible Investment (“SRI”) International Proxy Voting Guidelines provided by the Institutional Shareholder Services Inc. (“ISS”). To monitor ISS processes, the Asset Manager reviews all voting recommendations. The ultimate voting decision lies with the investment team. As representative of shareholders, whenever possible, the Asset Manager uses its voting rights in order to:

- Improve the level of reporting disclosure;
- Align management compensation to ESG key performance indicators and emission targets; and
- Support strategic measures to accelerate or adapt to a low-carbon business model.

The Asset Manager aims to provide transparency around voting activities and publishes a monthly report and an annual report with detailed information on voting instructions and the rationale for all voting items. A complete list of all proxy voting activities in 2024 is available on the website [here](#).

### **Fixed income green and social financing engagement**

Green-, social- and sustainable bonds are playing a significant role in the climate and social transition needed. While the use-of-proceeds bond issuance market is growing rapidly, impact finance flows still appear to be far below the level needed to achieve the goals of the Paris Agreement. Therefore, the Asset Manager’s engagement efforts, particularly in the area of fixed income, involve the promotion of the private as well as public sector to provide green and social financing. The Asset Manager has made a minimum commitment to a minimum allocation of 50% use-of-proceeds bonds in our global-aggregate and corporate sustainable funds.

### **Adaption of the policies**

LGT CP FL will conduct a review every reporting period to assess whether there has been a reduction of the principal adverse impacts (PAI). In case of insufficient progress, the engagement policies described above will be adapted in terms of the selection of companies for engagement and/or voting, as well as the process during engagements including escalation strategy and objective setting.

# References to international standards

The Asset Manager is an active member and supporter of several external organizations as well as participants in various industry groups. These include, but are not limited to, the below list:

- Net Zero Asset Managers Initiative
- The Swiss Climate Foundation
- Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC)
- Climate Action 100+
- Nature Action 100
- GIIN
- Initiative Climate International
- ICMA Green and Social Bond Principles
- CDP – Carbon Disclosure Project
- Swiss Sustainable Finance
- Member of the European Sustainable Investment Forum (Eurosif)
- UN Principles for Responsible Investment (PRI) Signatory
- ESG Data Convergence Initiative
- PRI Advance

The Asset Manager's ambition is that the companies that the products invest in comply with the international norms and conventions it adheres to.

**The internationally recognized standards with a concrete link to the PAI indicators are outlined below:**

*Paris Agreement*

PAI 1-6, Greenhouse gas emissions

Companies' greenhouse gas emissions and related measures are part of the Asset Manager's proprietary ESG scoring.

LGT CP FL joined the Net Zero Asset Managers initiative (NZAMI) and committed to reach net zero emissions by 2050 or sooner across all assets under management.

LGT CP FL and the Asset Manager has set ambitious interim targets for its investments. Against a baseline year of 2020, the aim is to reduce emissions by 50% until 2030.

As an initial target, the Asset Manager committed to manage 22% of its total assets under management in line with net zero by 2050 or sooner. The Asset Manager decided to define asset classes as "in scope" where it has a robust GHG measurement framework and the ability to effect change through investment decisions. Therefore, the Asset Manager included listed corporate investment instruments of our in-house and externally managed funds and customized mandates in asset classes such as listed equities and fixed income as well as liquid alternative strategies. Not yet in scope are asset classes such as money market instruments, sovereign debt and insurance-linked strategies. For these, the Asset Manager recognizes that methodologies are still at an early stage and that data coverage/ quality needs further improvement. Through a review of targets which will take place at least every five years, the scope of the net zero strategy will gradually increase and reach 100% of AUM.

The alignment of the committed assets under management with the carbon targets is measured by setting carbon budgets. The carbon budgets of the Asset Manager's methodology are based on the International Energy Agency (IEA) Net Zero 2050 scenario. The IEA scenario starts in the year 2019 and shows what is needed for the global energy sector to achieve net-zero CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 2050. This is consistent with limiting the global temperature rise to 1.5 °C without a temperature overshoot (with a 50% probability).

The Asset Manager's climate action strategy is built on three pillars:

1. "Mitigation" aims at tackling the causes and minimizing the possible impacts of climate change.
2. "Adaptation" focuses on providing capital to businesses that help communities cope with the negative implications, while taking advantage of potential new opportunities.
3. "Integration" means considering climate-related factors at all levels of decision-making.



### **UN Global Compact**

PAI 10, Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises

PAI 11, Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compliance principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises

United Nations Global Compact, the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, the UN Guiding Principles for Business and Human Rights, Responsible Business Conduct and International Labour Organization (ILO) Conventions outline minimal behavioral standards that serve as the basis for engagements as well as for exclusions.

The compliance with the principles of the UN Global Compact is assessed using the Asset Manager's proprietary controversy screening and scoring. Companies with significant controversies related to the principles may be excluded from the investment universe, where such exclusion is outlined in the investment policy of a specific product.

## Historical comparison

Please see a historical comparison to the previous reported period in the section “Description of principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors”.

# Zusammenfassung auf Deutsch

Die LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) („LGT CP FL“) und deren Asset Manager, LGT Capital Partners AG (der «Asset Manager») berücksichtigt im Rahmen ihrer Due-Diligence-Prozesse und -Verfahren die wesentlichen nachteiligen Auswirkungen ihrer Anlageentscheide auf Nachhaltigkeitsfaktoren auf Grundlage des Opt-in-Prinzips. Bei nachhaltigen Investitionen bedeutet dies, dass sichergestellt wird, dass die Investitionen keinen wesentlichen Schaden für ökologische oder soziale Ziele verursachen.

Bei der vorliegenden Erklärung handelt es sich um die konsolidierte Erklärung von LGT CP FL zu den wichtigsten nachteiligen Auswirkungen auf die Nachhaltigkeitsfaktoren. Die Veröffentlichung dieser Erklärung zu den wesentlichen nachteiligen Auswirkungen auf die Nachhaltigkeitsfaktoren fällt mit dem dritten Referenzzeitraum (1. Januar 2024 bis 31. Dezember 2024) zusammen. Die Berichterstattung über den Referenzzeitraum der Indikatoren für nachteilige Auswirkungen in Tabelle 1 und alle relevanten Indikatoren in Tabelle 2 und 3 in Anhang I der Delegierten Verordnung (EU) 2022/1288 der Kommission („Delegierter Rechtsakt zur Offenlegungsverordnung“) erfolgt im Jahr 2025 nach der Erfassung der dritten Referenzzeiträume (Q1 – Q4 2024).

Anleger sollten beachten, dass die Verfügbarkeit von Daten zu einigen Indikatoren begrenzt ist, da die Unternehmen, Emittenten oder Beteiligungsgesellschaften, in die investiert wird, keine Angaben zu den Kennzahlen machen, wobei dies je nach Anlageklasse stark variieren kann. In privaten Märkten ist dies besonders ausgeprägt, was bedeutet, dass die berichteten Ergebnisse in grössererem Umfang von öffentlichen und börsennotierten Fondsanlagen stammen. Der Asset Manager und LGT CP FL bewerten die prinzipiellen nachteiligen Auswirkungen nach bestem Wissen und Gewissen und unter Verwendung einer breiten Palette von Datenquellen, um Anlegern einen umfassenden Überblick zu geben.

# Samantekt á Íslensku

LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) („LGT CP FL“) og eignastjóri þess, LGT Capital Partners AG („eignastjórinn“) taka tillit til verulegra skaðlegra áhrifa sem hluta af áreiðanleikakönnunarferlum sínum og verklagsreglum þeirra. Fjárfestingarákvarðanir um sjálfbærniþætti sem byggjast á opt-in meginreglunni. Fyrir sjálfbærar fjárfestingar þýðir þetta að tryggja að fjárfestingarnar valdi ekki verulegum skaða á umhverfis- eða félagslegum markmiðum.

Þessi yfirlýsing er samstæðuyfirlýsing LGT CP FL um helstu skaðleg áhrif á sjálfbærniþætti. Birting þessarar yfirlýsingar um efnisleg skaðleg áhrif á sjálfbærniþætti fellur saman við þriðja viðmiðunartímabilið (1. janúar 2024 til 31. desember 2024). Skýrslur um viðmiðunartímabil vísbendinga um skaðleg áhrif í töflu 1 og öllum viðeigandi vísbendingum í töflum 2 og 3 í I. viðauka við framselda reglugerð framkvæmdastjórnarinnar (ESB) 2022/1288 („framseld lög um upplýsingagjöf“) mun fara fram árið 2025 eftir skráningu á þriðja viðmiðunartímabilið (1. – 4. ársfjórðungi 2024).

Fjárfestar ættu að hafa í huga að framboð á gögnum um suma vísbendingar er takmarkað þar sem fyrirtæki, útgefendur eða félög sem fjárfest er í veita ekki upplýsingar um mælikvarðana, þó það geti verið mjög mismunandi eftir eignaflokki. Þetta er sérstaklega áberandi á almennum mörkuðum, sem þýðir að uppgjörið kemur í ríkara mæli frá opinberum og skráðum fjárfestingum. Eignastjórn og LGT CP FL meta helstu skaðlegu áhrifin eftir bestu vitund og trú og nota fjölbreytt úrvall gagna til að veita fjárfestum alhliða yfirsýn.

# Shrnutí pro češtinu

Společnost LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) (dále jen „společnost LGT CP FL“) a její správce aktiv LGT Capital Partners AG (dále jen „správce aktiv“) v rámci procesů a postupů náležité péče zohledňují zásadní znevýhodňující dopady svých investičních rozhodnutí na faktory udržitelnosti na základě volby. U udržitelných investic to znamená zajistit, aby investice nezpůsobily významnou újmu environmentálním a sociálním cílům.

Toto prohlášení je konsolidovaným prohlášením společnosti LGT CP FL o hlavních nepříznivých dopadech na faktory udržitelnosti. Zveřejnění tohoto prohlášení se shoduje s třetím referenčním obdobím (od 1. ledna 2024 do 31. prosince 2024). Reporting za referenční období o uka-zatelích nepříznivých dopadů z tabulky 1 a všech relevantních ukazatelích z tabulky 2 a 3 Přílohy I Nařízení Komise v přenesené pravomoci (EU) 2022/1288 („přenesená pravomoc ke zveřejňování informací“) je za rok 2025 po zaznamenání údajů třetího referenčního období (1.–4. čtvrtletí 2024).

Investoři musí dbát na to, že dostupnost údajů o některých ukazatelích je omezená z důvodu nedostatečného reportingu metrik ze strany společností, emitentů nebo zapojených společností, do nichž bylo investováno, což se může výrazně lišit podle třídy investic. Obzvlášť výrazné je to na soukromých trzích, což znamená, že reportované výsledky vycházejí ve větší míře z držby fondů ve veřejné a kótované sféře. Správce aktiv a společnost LGT CP FL vyhodnocují zásadní nepříznivé dopady na základě nejlepšího možného snažení s využitím široké palety zdrojů dat, které mají investorům poskytnout komplexní přehled.

# Resumé på dansk

LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) (»LGT CP FL«) og dets kapitalforvalter, LGT Capital Partners Ltd (»kapitalforvalteren«), tager hensyn til den væsentlige negative indvirkning af deres investeringsbeslutninger på bæredygtighedsfaktorer som en del af deres due diligence-processer og -procedurer på grundlag af opt-in-princippet. I forhold til bæredygtige investeringer betyder det, at vi skal sikre, at investeringerne ikke forårsager væsentlig skade på miljømæssige eller sociale mål.

Denne erklæring er LGT CP FL's konsoliderede erklæring om de vigtigste negative indvirkninger på bæredygtighedsfaktorerne. Offentliggørelsen af denne erklæring om de væsentlige negative indvirkninger på bæredygtighedsfaktorerne falder sammen med den tredje referenceperiode (1. januar 2024 til 31. december 2024). Rapporteringen om referenceperioden for indikatorerne for negativ indvirkning i tabel 1 og alle relevante indikatorer i tabel 2 og 3 i bilag I til den delegerede kommissionensforordning (EU) 2022/1288 ("delegeret retsakt til offentliggørelsесforordningen") vil finde sted i 2025 efter registreringen af den tredje referenceperiode (1–4 kvtr. 2024).

Investorerne skal være opmærksomme på, at tilgængeligheden af data om nogle indikatorer er begrænset, da de virksomheder, udstedere eller holdingselskaber, der investeres i, ikke giver oplysninger om nøgletalene, hvorfor disse kan variere meget afhængigt af aktivklassen. På de private markeder er dette særligt udtalt, hvilket betyder, at de rapporterede resultater i højere grad stammer fra offentlige og børsnoterede fondsinvesteringer. Formueforvalteren og LGT CP FL vurderer de vigtigste negative virkninger efter bedste viden og skøn og bruger en bred vifte af datakilder til at give investorerne et omfattende overblik.

# Περίληψη στα Ελληνικά

Η LGT Capital Partners (FL) Ltd (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) ("LGT CP FL") και ο διαχειριστής περιουσιακών στοιχείων της, η LGT Capital Partners Ltd (ο "Διαχειριστής περιουσιακών στοιχείων"), εξετάζουν τις ουσιώδεις αρνητικές επιπτώσεις των επενδυτικών τους αποφάσεων σε παράγοντες βιωσιμότητας ως μέρος των διαδικασιών και διαδικασών δέουσας επιμέλειας βάσει της αρχής opt-in. Στην περίπτωση των βιώσιμων επενδύσεων, αυτό σημαίνει ότι πρέπει να διασφαλίζεται, ότι οι επενδύσεις δεν προκαλούν σημαντική βλάβη στους περιβαλλοντικούς ή κοινωνικούς στόχους.

Η παρούσα δήλωση είναι η ενοποιημένη δήλωση της LGT CP FL σχετικά με τις κύριες αρνητικές επιπτώσεις στους παράγοντες βιωσιμότητας. Η δημοσίευση της παρούσας δήλωσης σχετικά με τις ουσιώδεις αρνητικές επιπτώσεις στους παράγοντες βιωσιμότητας συμπίπτει με την τρίτη περίοδο αναφοράς (1η Ιανουαρίου 2024 έως 31 Δεκεμβρίου 2024). Υποβολή εκθέσεων σχετικά με την περίοδο αναφοράς των δεικτών δυσμενών επιπτώσεων του πίνακα 1 και όλων των σχετικών δεικτών των πινάκων 2 και 3 του παραρτήματος I του κατ' εξουσιοδότηση κανονισμού. Ο κανονισμός (ΕΕ) 2022/1288 της Επιτροπής ("κατ' εξουσιοδότηση πράξη στον κανονισμό για τη δημοσιοποίηση") θα πραγματοποιηθεί το 2025 μετά την καταγραφή της τρίτης περιόδου αναφοράς (1ο – 4ο τρίμηνο 2024).

Οι επενδυτές θα πρέπει να σημειώσουν ότι η διαθεσιμότητα στοιχείων για ορισμένους δείκτες είναι περιορισμένη, καθώς οι εταιρείες, οι εκδότες ή οι εταιρείες χαρτοφυλακίου στις οποίες πραγματοποιούνται επενδύσεις δεν παρέχουν πληροφορίες για τα βασικά μεγέθη, τα οποία μπορεί να διαφέρουν σημαντικά ανάλογα με την κατηγορία περιουσιακών στοιχείων. Στις ιδιωτικές αγορές, είναι έντονο, πράγμα που σημαίνει ότι τα αναφερόμενα αποτελέσματα προέρχονται σε μεγαλύτερο βαθμό από δημόσιες και εισηγμένες επενδύσεις αμοιβαίων κεφαλαίων. Ο Διαχειριστής Περιουσιακών Στοιχείων και η LGT CP FL θα αξιολογήσουν τις κύριες δυσμενείς επιπτώσεις με τον καλύτερο δυνατό τρόπο χρησιμοποιώντας τις γνώσεις και την κρίση μας και ένα ευρύ φάσμα πηγών δεδομένων για να παρέχουμε στους επενδυτές μια ολοκληρωμένη επισκόπηση.

# Resumen en español

LGT Capital Partners (FL) Ltd (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) ("LGT CP FL") y su gestor de activos, LGT Capital Partners Ltd (el «Gestor de Activos»), consideran los efectos negativos sustanciales de sus decisiones de inversión en los factores de sostenibilidad como parte de sus procesos y procedimientos de diligencia debida sobre la base del principio de inclusión voluntaria. En el caso de las inversiones sostenibles, esto significa garantizar que las inversiones no causen daños sustanciales a objetivos medioambientales o sociales.

Esta es la declaración consolidada de LGT CP FL sobre los efectos negativos sustanciales en los factores de sostenibilidad. La publicación de esta declaración sobre los efectos negativos sustanciales en los factores de sostenibilidad coincide con el tercer periodo de referencia (del 1 de enero de 2024 al 31 de diciembre de 2024). La información sobre el periodo de referencia de los indicadores de efectos negativos del cuadro 1 y todos los indicadores pertinentes de los cuadros 2 y 3 del anexo I del Reglamento Delegado (UE) 2022/1288 de la Comisión («Acto delegado del Reglamento sobre divulgación de información») se presenta en 2025, tras la obtención de los terceros periodos de referencia (T1 – T4 2024).

Los inversores deberán tener en cuenta que la disponibilidad de datos sobre algunos indicadores es limitada, ya que las empresas, emisores o holdings en los que se invierte no facilitan información sobre las cifras clave, que pueden variar considerablemente en función de la clase de activos. En mercados privados, esto es muy pronunciado, lo que significa que los resultados informados proceden en mayor medida de inversiones en fondos públicos y cotizados. El Gestor de Activos y LGT CP FL evalúan los principales efectos negativos con total lealtad y conciencia, y aplican para ello una amplia gama de fuentes de datos con el objetivo de ofrecer a los inversores una visión global.

# Yhteenveto suomeksi

LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) ("LGT CP FL") ja sen varainhoitaja LGT Capital Partners AG ("varainhoitaja") ottavat asianmukaisen huolellisuuden prosessiensa ja menettelyidenä yhteydessä huomioon sijoituspäätöstenä pääasialliset haitalliset vaikutukset kestävystekijöihin suostumusperiaatteen perusteella. Kestävien sijoitusten osalta tämä tarkoittaa sen varmistamista, että sijoitukset eivät aiheuta merkittävää haittaa ympäristöön tai yhteiskuntaan liittyville tavoitteille.

Tämä ilmoitus on LGT CP FL:n yhdistetty ilmoitus pääasiallisista haitallisista vaikutuksista kestävystekijöihin. Tämä ilmoitus pääasiallisista haitallisista vaikutuksista kestävystekijöihin osuu ajallisesti yhteen kolmannen viitekauden (1. tammikuuta 2024 – 31. joulukuuta 2024) kanssa. Raportointi komission delegoidun asetuksen (EU) 2022/1288 ("tietojen antamista koskeva delegoitu säädös") liitteen I taulukkoon 1 sisältyvien haitallisista vaikutuksia koskevien indikaattorien ja saman liitteen taulukoihin 2 ja 3 sisältyvien asiaankuuluvien indikaattorien viitekaudelta tapahtuu vuonna 2025 kolmansien viitekausien (Q1–Q4 2024) kirjaamisen jälkeen.

Sijoittajien tulisi ottaa huomioon, että tietojen saatavuus joistakin indikaattoreista on rajallista, sillä sijoituskohteena olevat yritykset, liikkeeseenlaskijat tai osakkuusyhtiöt eivät anna tietoja tunnusluvuista, jotka voivat vaihdella suuresti sijoitusluokan mukaan. Tämä näkyy erityisen selvästi yksityisillä markkinoilla, mikä tarkoittaa, että raportoidut tulokset ovat laajalti peräisin julkisista ja julkisesti noteeratuista rahastoihin. Varainhoitaja ja LGT CP FL arvioivat pääasialliset haitalliset vaikutukset parhaan tietonsa mukaan ja vilpittömässä mielessä sekä laajaa tietolähdevalikoimaa käytäen tarjotakseen sijoittajille kattavan kuvan.

# Résumé en français

Dans le cadre de leurs processus et procédures de «Due Diligence», LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) («LGT CP FL») et son gestionnaire d'actifs, LGT Capital Partners AG (le «gestionnaire d'actifs») prennent en compte, sur la base du principe de l'opt-in, les principaux effets négatifs de leurs décisions d'investissement sur les facteurs de durabilité. Dans le cas d'investissements durables, cela signifie qu'il faut s'assurer que les investissements ne nuisent pas de façon significative aux objectifs environnementaux ou sociaux.

La présente déclaration est une déclaration consolidée de LGT CP FL concernant les principaux effets négatifs sur les facteurs de durabilité. La publication de cette déclaration d'impact négatif significatif sur les facteurs de durabilité coïncide avec la troisième période de référence (du 1er janvier 2024 au 31 décembre 2024). Le rapport relatif à la période de référence des indicateurs d'effets néfastes du tableau 1 et de tous les indicateurs pertinents des tableaux 2 et 3 de l'annexe I du Règlement délégué (UE) 2022/1288 de la Commission («directive déléguée relative au règlement sur la publication d'informations») est établi au cours de l'année 2025 après la comptabilisation de la troisième période de référence (T1 – T4 2024).

Les investisseurs doivent garder à l'esprit que la disponibilité des données relatives à certains indicateurs est limitée en raison de l'absence d'informations de la part des sociétés, des émetteurs ou des sociétés de portefeuille dans lesquels les investissements sont réalisés, ce qui peut varier considérablement d'une classe de placement à l'autre. Ce phénomène est particulièrement marqué sur les marchés privés, ce qui signifie que les résultats rapportés proviennent dans une plus large mesure de fonds de placement publics et de fonds cotés en bourse. Le gestionnaire d'actifs et LGT CP FL évaluent les effets négatifs de principe en toute bonne foi et en utilisant une large palette de sources de données afin de fournir un aperçu complet aux investisseurs.

# Összefoglalás magyarul

Az LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) („LGT CP FL”) és vagyonkezelője, az LGT Capital Partners Ltd („Vagyonkezelő”) az átvilágítási folyamatok és eljárások részeként, az opt-in elv alapján figyelembe veszi befektetési döntéseinek a fenntarthatósági tényezőkre gyakorolt jelentős negatív hatását. A fenntartható befektetések esetében ez annak biztosítását jelenti, hogy a beruházások nem okoznak jelentős kárt a környezeti vagy társadalmi célkitűzéseknek.

Jelen nyilatkozat az LGT CP FL konszolidált nyilatkozata a következő főbb káros hatásokról, amelyek a fenntarthatósági tényezőket érintik. A fenntarthatósági tényezőkre gyakorolt lényeges negatív hatásokról szóló nyilatkozat közzététele egybeesik a harmadik referencia-időszakkal (2024. január 1. és 2024. december 31. között). Az (EU) 2022/1288 felhatalmazáson alapuló bizottsági rendelet („a közzétételi rendelet felhatalmazáson alapuló jogi aktusa”) I. mellékletében szereplő 1. táblázatban szereplő, a káros hatásokra vonatkozó mutatók, valamint a 2. és 3. táblázatban szereplő valamennyi vonatkozó mutató referencia-időszakára vonatkozó jelentéstétre 2025-ben kerül sor, miután a miután a harmadik referencia- időszakokat (2024 első negyedéve - negyedik negyedéve) rögzítették.

A befektetőknek tudomásul kell venniük, hogy az egyes mutatókra vonatkozó adatok korlátozottan állnak rendelkezésre, mivel azok a vállalatok, kibocsátók vagy holdingtársaságok, amelyekben a befektetések történnek, nem adnak tájékoztatást a főbb számadatokról, amelyek az eszközszálytól függően nagymértékben eltérhetnek. A magánpiacokon ez különösen hangsúlyos, ami azt jelenti, hogy a bejelentett eredmények nagyobb mértékben származnak nyilvános és tőzsden jegyzett alapbefektetések ből. Vagyonkezelő és az LGT CP FL legjobb tudása és ítélezőkessége szerint értékeli a főbb káros hatásokat, és az adatforrások széles körének felhasználásával átfogó áttekintést nyújt a befektetőknek.

# Sintesi in italiano

LGT Capital Partners (FL) SA (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) ("LGT CP FL") e il suo Asset Manager, LGT Capital Partners SA ("Asset Manager") considerano l'impatto negativo concreto delle decisioni prese in materia di investimenti sui fattori di sostenibilità nel quadro dei processi e delle procedure di due diligence da loro condotte sulla base del principio dell'opt-in. In materia di investimenti sostenibili ciò significa garantire che gli investimenti non abbiano ripercussioni negative concrete per gli obiettivi ecologici e sociali.

La presente dichiarazione è la dichiarazione consolidata di LGT CP FL sui principali impatti negativi sui fattori di sostenibilità. La pubblicazione di questa dichiarazione sugli effetti negativi concreti sui fattori di sostenibilità coincide con il terzo periodo di riferimento (dal 1° gennaio 2024 al 31 dicembre 2024). La rendicontazione del periodo di riferimento sugli indicatori degli effetti negativi di cui alla Tabella 1 e su tutti gli indicatori pertinenti di cui alle Tabelle 2 e 3 dell'Allegato I del regolamento delegato (UE) 2022/1288 della Commissione ("Atto delegato al regolamento sulla divulgazione") avverrà nel 2025, dopo il rilevamento dei terzi periodi di riferimento (T1 - T4 2024).

Gli investitori devono tenere presente che la disponibilità di dati su alcuni indicatori è limitata, in quanto le società, gli emittenti o le holding in cui si investe non forniscono informazioni sulle cifre chiave, le quali possono variare notevolmente a seconda della classe di investimento. Nei mercati privati questo aspetto è particolarmente accentuato, il che significa che i risultati riportati provengono in larga misura da investimenti in fondi pubblici quotati. L'Asset Manager e LGT CP FL valutano i principali effetti negativi al meglio delle loro conoscenze e convinzioni, ricorrendo a fonti di dati diversificate per fornire agli investitori una panoramica esaustiva.

# Samenvatting in het Nederlands

LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) ('LGT CP FL') en hun assetmanager, LGT Capital Partners AG ('Asset Manager'), houden in het kader van hun due-diligenceprocessen en -procedures rekening met de belangrijkste nadelige effecten van hun beleggingsbeslissingen op duurzaamheidsfactoren op basis van het opt-in-principe. Bij duurzame investeringen betekent dit dat ervoor wordt gezorgd dat de investeringen geen significante schade toebrengen aan ecologische of sociale doelstellingen.

Deze verklaring betreft de geconsolideerde verklaring van LGT CP FL over de belangrijkste nadelige effecten op de duurzaamheidsfactoren. De publicatie van deze verklaring over de belangrijkste nadelige effecten op de duurzaamheidsfactoren valt samen met de derde referentieperiode (1 januari 2024 tot 31 december 2024). De rapportage over de referentieperiode van de indicatoren voor nadelige effecten in tabel 1 en alle relevante indicatoren in tabel 2 en 3 in bijlage I van de gedelegeerde verordening (EU) 2022/1288 van de Commissie ('Gedelegeerde Handeling bij de Verordening inzake openbaarmaking') zal in 2025 plaatsvinden na de vastlegging van de gegevens voor de derde referentieperiode (kwartaal 1 – kwartaal 4 2024).

Beleggers dienen er rekening mee te houden dat de beschikbaarheid van gegevens voor sommige indicatoren beperkt is, aangezien bedrijven, emittenten of deelnemingsmaatschappijen waarin wordt belegd, geen gegevens verstrekken over de betreffende parameters, wat sterk kan variëren afhankelijk van de beleggingscategorie. Dit is met name opvallend in de private markten, wat betekent dat de gerapporteerde resultaten in grotere mate afkomstig zijn van openbare en beursgenoteerde fondsbeleggingen. De Asset Manager en LGT CP FL beoordelen de belangrijkste nadelige effecten naar beste weten en geweten en met behulp van een breed scala aan gegevensbronnen om beleggers een zo volledig mogelijk overzicht te geven.

# Sammendrag på norsk

LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) («LGT CP FL») og dets kapitalforvalter, LGT Capital Partners AG («aktivaforvalteren») tar hensyn til de betydelige negative effektene som en del av deres due-diligence-prosesser og- prosedyrer deres investeringsbeslutninger om bærekraftsfaktorer ut ifra opt-in-prinsippet. Når det gjelder bærekraftige investeringer, betyr dette å sikre at investeringene ikke medfører vesentlig skade på økologiske eller sosiale mål.

Denne uttalelsen handler om LGT CP FLs konsoliderte uttalelse om de viktigste ugunstige konsekvensene på bærekraftsfaktorene. Publiseringen av denne erklæringen om vesentlige negative innvirkninger på bærekraftsfaktorer faller sammen med den tredje referanseperioden (1. januar 2024 til 31. desember 2024). Rapportering av referanseperioden for indikatorene for skadefinninger i tabell 1 og alle relevante indikatorer i tabell 2 og 3 i vedlegg I til delegatene Kommisjonsforordning (EU) 2022/1288 («Delegeret lov om forordningen om offentliggjøring») finner sted i 2025 etter registreringen av den tredje referanseperioden (Q1 – Q4 2024).

Investorer bør være oppmerksomme på at tilgjengeligheten av data på enkelte indikatorer er begrenset da selskapene, utstederne eller de investerte foretakene som det investeres i, ikke gir informasjon om beregningene, selv om dette kan variere sterkt avhengig av aktivklassen. Dette er spesielt utpreget i private markeder. Det vil si at resultatene som rapporteres i større grad stammer fra offentlige og børsnoterte fonds-investeringer. Kapitalforvalteren og LGT CP FL vurderer de grunnleggende uheldige effektene etter beste evne og samvittighet og bruk av et bredt spekter av datakilder for å gi investorer et helhetlig syn.

# Rezumat în română

Ca parte a proceselor și procedurilor lor de verificare prealabilă, LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) („LGT CP FL”) și gestionarul activelor lor, LGT Capital Partners AG („administratorul de active”), iau în considerare principalele efecte negative ale deciziilor lor de investiții asupra factorilor de sustenabilitate pe baza principiului de optare. În cazul investițiilor durabile, acest lucru înseamnă asigurarea faptului că investițiile nu generează pagube semnificative în cazul obiectivelor sociale sau de mediu.

Această declarație se referă la declarația consolidată a LGT CP FL privind principalele efecte negative asupra factorilor de sustenabilitate. Publicarea acestei declarații privind principalele efecte negative asupra factorilor de sustenabilitate coincide cu a treia perioadă de referință (1 ianuarie 2024 - 31 decembrie 2024). Raportarea pentru perioada de referință a indicatorilor privind efectele negative din tabelul 1 și a tuturor indicatorilor relevanți din tabelele 2 și 3 din anexa I a Regulamentului delegat (UE) nr. 2022/1288 al Comisiei („Actul delegat privind reglementul de furnizare a informațiilor”) se face în 2025, după colectarea datelor pentru a treia perioadă de referință (trimestrul 1 - trimestrul 4 2024).

Investitorii trebuie să ia în considerare că disponibilitatea datelor pentru unii indicatori este limitată, întrucât societățile, emitenții sau holdingurile financiare în care se fac investițiile nu oferă date privind indicatorii cheie, aceștia putând varia foarte mult în funcție de clasa de active. Acest lucru este deosebit de pronunțat pe piețele private, ceea ce înseamnă că rezultatele raportate provin într-o măsură mai mare din fondurile de investiții publice și cotate la burșă. Administratorul de active și LGT CP FL evaluatează principalele efecte negative în funcție de cele mai bune cunoștințe și convingeri și utilizând o gamă largă de surse de date pentru a oferi investitorilor o imagine de ansamblu cuprinzătoare.

# Sammanfattning på svenska

LGT Capital Partners (FL) Ltd (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) ("LGT CP FL") och dess kapitalförvaltare, LGT Capital Partners Ltd ("Kapitalförvaltaren"), beaktar den väsentliga negativa inverkan av sina investeringsbeslut på hållbarhetsfaktorer som en del av sina due diligence-processer och för-faranden på grundval av opt-in-principen. När det gäller hållbara investeringar innebär detta att säkerställa att investeringarna inte orsakar betydande skada på miljömässiga eller sociala mål.

Detta uttalande är LGT CP FL:s konsoliderade uttalande om de huvudsakliga negativa effekterna på hållbarhetsfaktorerna. Offentliggörandet av denna redogörelse för väsentliga negativa effekter på hållbarhetsfaktorerna sammanfaller med den tredje referensperioden (1 januari 2024 till 31 december 2024). Rapportering om referensperioden för indikatorerna för negativa effekter i tabell 1 och alla relevanta indikatorer i tabel-lerna 2 och 3 i bilaga I till Kommissionens delegerade förordning (EU) 2022/1288 ("Delegerad akt till öppenhetsförordningen") kommer att äga rum 2025 efter registreringen av tredje referensperioden (Q1 – Q4 2024).

Investerare bör notera att tillgången till uppgifter om vissa indikatorer är begränsad, eftersom de företag, emittenter eller investmentbolag i vilka investeringar görs inte tillhandahåller information om nyckeltalen, som kan variera kraftigt beroende på tillgångsklass. Detta är särskilt uttalat på de privata marknaderna, vilket innebär att de redovisade resultaten i större utsträckning härrör från publika och noterade fondinvesteringar. Kapitalförvaltaren och LGT CP FL kommer att efter bästa kunskap och omdöme och med hjälp av ett brett spektrum av datakällor bedöma de huvudsakliga negativa effekterna för att ge investerarna en heltäckande översikt.

# Zhrnutie v slovenčine

Spoločnosť LGT Capital Partners (FL) AG (Z1C2CNQL65L8VZ278H86) („LGT CP FL“) a jej správca aktív, spoločnosť LGT Capital Partners AG („Asset Manager“) zohľadňuje v rámci jej procesov a postupov povinnej starostlivosti podstatné negatívne dopady svojich investičných rozhodnutí na faktory trvalej udržateľnosti na základe princípu výberu. Pokiaľ ide o udržateľné investície, znamená to zabezpečiť, že investície nespôsobia žiadne podstatné škody pre ekologické a sociálne ciele.

Pri predloženom vyhlásení ide o konsolidačné vyhlásenie spoločnosti LGT CP FL k najdôležitejším negatívnym dopadom na faktory trvalej udržateľnosti. Zverejnenie tohto vyhlásenia k podstatným negatívnym dopadom na faktory trvalej udržateľnosti sa zhoduje s tretím referenčným časovým obdobím (1. január 2024 až 31. december 2024). Hlásenie o referenčnom časovom období indikátorov pre trvalo udržateľné dopady v tabuľke 1 a všetky relevantné indikátory v tabuľke 2 a 3 v prílohe I Delegovaného nariadenia (EÚ) 2022/1288 Komisie („Delegovaný právny akt k nariadeniu o verejnení“) sa uskutoční v roku 2025 po zaevidovaní tretieho referenčného časového obdobia (K1 – K4 2024).

Investori by mali rešpektovať, že dostupnosť dát k niektorým indikátorom je obmedzená, pretože podniky, emitenti alebo účastnícke spoločnosti, do ktorých sa investuje, nerobia žiadne údaje k ukazovateľom, pričom sa to môže intenzívne meniť podľa triedy investície.

Na súkromných trhoch je toto zvlášť význačné, čo znamená, že oznamované výsledky vo väčšom rozsahu pochádzajú z verejných investícií do fondov zaznamenaných na burze. Správca aktív a spoločnosť LGT CP FL hodnotia principiálne negatívne dopady podľa najlepšieho vedomia a svedomia a za použitia širokej palety dátových zdrojov, aby investorom poskytli rozsiahly prehľad.

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